SUPPLEMENTAL GENERATION INTERCONNECTION REQUIREMENTS

(Applicable to Generation Interconnection Facilities 1 MW and Greater)

July 13, 2023



1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Introduction - Supplemental

- These requirements supplement SaskPower's Generation Interconnection Requirements.
- They provide supplemental requirements for Facilities owners (SaskPower and non-SaskPower)
 of non-synchronous wind or solar-PV generation (inverter based resources) interconnecting to
 the SaskPower Transmission System.
- These requirements are subject to revision.

1.4. Compliance Requirements

1.4. Compliance Requirements – Supplemental

• Facilities must follow adopted NERC standards whether registered with SERA, MRO, or NERC or not.

3. GENERATION INTERCONNECTION FACILITY REQUIREMENTS

3.15. Control, Operating and Monitoring Requirements

3.15.4 Control, Operating and Monitoring – Performance Requirements

- Calculated power capability: Continuously calculated power capability, based on environmental measurements, provided to SaskPower's SCADA system in near teal time (every 4 seconds).
 - o Shall be tested during commissioning to demonstrate 95% average hourly accuracy.
- Pro-rated curtailable to any level via SCADA, due to dispatch limitations.
- Fully curtailable to any level via SCADA, due to local transmission constraints.
- Controlled power ramp rate limits (up and down), SCADA (remote) settable from 1% to 30% of rated MW per minute.

4. INVERTER BASED RESOURCE (IBR) REQUIREMENTS

4.16.3 Fast Frequency Response (FFR)

4.16.3.1 Fast Frequency Response (FFR) – Supplemental

- FFR is required to be provided from wind and solar-PV generation facilities from capacity or headroom that is required or requested by SaskPower for regulation.
- If the generation facility is curtailed for dispatch reasons, the curtailed capacity will also be added to the capacity available for FFR.

4.16.3.1.1 FFR Performance Requirements - Supplemental

- Refer to IEEE 2800 Figure 5a for dynamic performance metrics
 - Frequency droop control mode: settable from 0 to 10% with 30 200 mhz adjustable deadband.

- Reaction time ≤ 5ms.
- Step response time ≤ 100ms (applied response time may be longer, depending on system studies).
- Step response damping coefficient ≥ 0.3.

4.16.4 Primary Frequency Response (PFR)

4.16.4.1 Primary Frequency Response (PFR) – Supplemental

- PFR is required to be provided from wind and solar-PV generation facilities.
- PFR (down) is required to be provided from wind and solar-PV generation facilities independent of active power setpoint or dispatch.
- PFR (up) is required to be provided from wind and solar-PV generation facilities from available headroom that is required or requested by SaskPower for regulation.
- If the generation facility is curtailed for dispatch reasons, the curtailed capacity will also be added to the capacity available for "PFR-up".

4.16.4.1.1 PFR Performance Requirements – Supplemental

- Refer to IEEE 2800 Figure 5a for dynamic performance metrics for a control reference step
 - Frequency droop control mode: settable from 0 to 10% with 30 200 mhz adjustable deadband.
 - Droop and deadband to be provided by SaskPower
 - Reaction time ≤ 5ms.
 - Step response time ≤ 100ms
 - Applied response time may be longer, to be supplied by SaskPower.
 - Step response damping coefficient ≥ 0.3.

4.16.5 Automatic Generation Control (AGC)

4.16.5.1 Regulation

- Wind and solar-PV generation facilities (IBR) must follow AGC signals sent to it from SaskPower.
- Wind and solar-PV generation facilities (IBR) must provide additional capacity for regulation to offset their generation variability or make arrangements to take regulation service under SaskPower's OATT or an equivalent agreement.
 - A minimum of 5% of the nameplate capacity must be added to wind generation facilities for the purposes of regulation.
 - A minimum of 9% of the nameplate capacity must be added to solar-PV generation facilities for the purposes of regulation
 - For hybrid wind and solar-PV generation facilities a combined ratio may be considered for the purposes of regulation.
 - The added capacity shall create a minimum capacity reservation (headroom for regulation-up) for regulation purposes.
 - For regulation-down an equivalent capacity reservation shall be reserved (headroom for regulation-down) for regulation purposes.
- Reservation shall be in physical units and maintained across the operating range of the generation facility.
- Regulation-up or regulation-down signals shall be sent to the generation facilities by SaskPower's AGC.

• If the generation facility is curtailed for dispatch reasons, the curtailed capacity will also be added to the capacity available for "regulation-up".

4.16.5.1.1 Regulation Performance Requirements

• AGC: Pro-rated, full AGC participation with ramp rate SCADA (remote) settable from 10 to 60 MW/min.

4.16.6 Negative Sequence Current Injection

4.16.6.1. Negative Sequence Current Injection - Supplemental

Facility shall inject negatice sequence current during faults.

4.16.7 Design and Operation of the Facilities' Continuous and Dynamic Reactive Power Capability

4.16.7.1 Voltage Regulation – Supplemental

- The design and operation of the Facilities shall regulate the high voltage bus of the Facilities' main substation step up transformer connected to the SaskPower Transmission System.
- The regulating set point to be determined by SaskPower

4.16.7.1.1 Voltage Regulation Performance Requirements – Supplemental

- Refer to IEEE 2800 Figure 5b for dynamic performance metrics for a system quanity step
 - Voltage droop AVR control mode: settable from 0 to 10%
 - Droop to be provided by SaskPower
 - Reaction time ≤ 5ms.
 - Step response time ≤ 100ms
 - Applied response time may be longer, to be supplied by SaskPower.
 - Step response damping coefficient ≥ 0.3.

4.16.8 Required Data for Inverter Based Resources

4.16.8.1 Required Data for Inverter Based Resources - Supplemental

In addition to Appendix D and E the facilities must also meet Appendices D-1 and E-1.

4.16.9 Power System Stabilizer (PSS) or Equivalent

• PSS (Power System Stabilizer) or equivalent function shall be provided to damp any potential power oscillations.

4.16.10 IBR short-term rating

Facilities shall have a temporary power output capability: ≥ 150% for ≥ 1 second

APPENDIX D-1: SCADA Technical and Operating Requirements for Wind Aggregated Generating Facilities

Signal Type	Description	Unit					
Facility ov	Facility owner data acquisition requirements for each wind aggregated facility directly connected to transmission system						
	Net real power at point of connection	MW					
	Net reactive power at point of connection	MVAr					
	Frequency at the point of connection	Hz					
	Voltage at the point of connection	kV					
	Voltage regulation setpoint	kV					
	Potential real power capability, which would have been produced at the point of connection without aggregated generation facilities curtailment and based on real time metrological conditions, update value every 4 seconds.	MW					
	Real power limit used in the power curtailment limiting control system at the aggregated generating facility	MW					
	Up ramp power rate of change setpoint	MW/min					
	Down ramp power rate of change setpoint	MW/min					
	Real power of each collector system feeder	MW					
	Reactive power of each collector system feeder	MVAr					
Analog	Voltage for each collector bus	kV					
Allalog	Real power of station service transformer greater than 0.5 MW	MW					
	Reactive power of station service transformer greater than 0.5 MW	MVAr					
	Reactive power of each reactive power resource (other than generating units)	MVAr					
	Real power at low side of transmission system step up transformer	MW					
	Reactive power at low side of transmission system step up transformer	MVAr					
	Transmission system step up transformer tap position if load tap changer exists	Tap position					
	Wind Speed at hub height as collected at the meteorological tower	m/s					
	Wind direction from the true north as collected at the meteorological tower	Degrees					
	Wind Speed at 50% hub height as collected at the meteorological tower	m/s					
	Ambient temperature at hub height as collected at the meteorological tower	Degrees Celsius					
	Barometric pressure at hub height as collected at the meteorological tower	Mbar					
	Relative humidity at 2 to 10 m above ground at the meteorological tower	%					
	Air density at hub height	kg/m³					
	Precipitation at the meteorological tower	mm					

APPENDIX D-1: SCADA Technical and Operating Requirements for Wind Aggregated Generating Facilities

Signal Type	Description	Unit			
Facility ov	cility owner data acquisition requirements for each wind aggregated facility directly connected to transmission system				
Status	Breaker, circuit switchers, motor operated switches	0 = Open	1 = Closed		
	Communication failure alarm from RTU acting as data concentrator of one or more generating units to the control centre of transmission facility, if applicable	0 = Normal	1 = Alarm		
	Communication failure indication between an intelligent electronic device and any remote RTU acting as a data concentrator	0 = Normal	1 = Alarm		
	Each collector system feeder breaker	0 = Open	1 = Closed		
	Each reactive power resource feeder breaker	0 = Open	1 = Closed		
	Power curtailment limiting control system status	0 = Off	1 = On		
	Up ramp power rate of change control status	0 = Off	1 = On		
	Down ramp power rate of change control status	0 = Off	1 = On		
	Voltage regulation system status	0 = Manual	1 = Automatic		
	Power system stabilizer (or equivalent) status, if applicable	0 = Manual	1 = Automatic		
	Generating unit step up transformer voltage regulator of transmission system if step up transformer has a load tap changer	0 = Manual	1 = Automatic		
	Remedial action scheme armed status, if applicable	0 = Disarmed	1 = Armed		
	Remedial action scheme operated status on communication failure, if applicable	0 = Normal	1 = Alarm		
	Remedial action scheme operated status on runback, if applicable	0 = Normal	1 = Alarm		
	Remedial action scheme operated status on trip, if applicable	0 = Normal	1 = Alarm		
٠.	anagement System supervisory control data requirements for each wind aggregated generation system	ing facility connect	ed to the		
	Facility curtailment power limit setpoint	MW			
	Up ramp power rate of change setpoint	MW/min			
Analog	Down ramp power rate of change setpoint	MW/min			
	Voltage regulation setpoint	kV			
Status	Up ramp power rate of change control	0 = Disable	1 = Enable		
	Down ramp power rate of change control	0 = Disable	1 = Enable		
	Facility curtailment power limit control	0 = Disable	1 = Enable		

APPENDIX E-1: SCADA Technical and Operating Requirements for Solar Aggregated Generating Facilities

Signal Type	Description	Unit					
Facility ov	Facility owner data acquisition requirements for each solar aggregated facility directly connected to transmission system						
	Net real power at point of connection	MW					
	Net reactive power at point of connection	MVAr					
	Frequency at the point of connection	Hz					
	Voltage at the point of connection	kV					
	Voltage regulation setpoint	kV					
	Potential real power capability, which would have been produced at the point of connection without aggregated generation facilities curtailment and based on real time metrological conditions, update value every 4 seconds.	MW					
	Real power limit used in the power curtailment limiting control system at the aggregated generating facility	MW					
	Up ramp power rate of change setpoint	MW/min					
	Down ramp power rate of change setpoint	MW/min					
	Real power of each collector system feeder	MW					
	Reactive power of each collector system feeder	MVAr					
	Voltage for each collector bus	kV					
	Real power of station service transformer greater than 0.5 MW	MW					
	Reactive power of station service transformer greater than 0.5 MW	MVAr					
	Reactive power of each reactive power resource (other than generating units)	MVAr					
	Real power at low side of transmission system step up transformer	MW					
Analog	Reactive power at low side of transmission system step up transformer	MVAr					
	Transmission system step up transformer tap position if load tap changer exists	Tap position					
	Wind Speed at between 2 to 10 m above ground at meteorological tower	m/s					
	Wind direction from the true north at between 2 to 10 m above ground at meteorlogical tower	Degrees					
	Barometric pressure at 2 to 10 m above ground as collected at the meteorological tower	Mbar					
	Relative humidity at 2 to 10 m above ground at meteorological tower	%					
	Precipitation at meteorological tower	mm					
	Battery bank charge level at each PV bank	MW (DC)					
	Battery bank charge/discharge rate at each PV bank	+/- MW/s					
	Ambient temperature at each PV bank	Degrees Celsius					
	Solar tracking at each PV bank	Degrees/s					
	Solar array plane angle off horizontal at each PV bank	Degrees					
	Solar altitude angle at each PV bank	Degrees					
	Solar azimuth angle at each PV bank	Degrees					
	Solar incidence angle at each PV bank	Degrees					
	Back of solar panel temperature at each PV bank	Degrees Celsius					
	Global horizontal irradiance at each PV bank	W/m²					

APPENDIX E-1: SCADA Technical and Operating Requirements for Solar Aggregated Generating Facilities

Signal Type	Description	Unit			
Facility o	cility owner data acquisition requirements for each solar aggregated facility directly connected to transmission system				
Status	Breaker, circuit switchers, motor operated switches	0 = Open	1 = Closed		
	Communication failure alarm from RTU acting as data concentrator of one or more generating units to the control centre of transmission facility, if applicable	0 = Normal	1 = Alarm		
	Communication failure indication between an intelligent electronic device and any remote RTU acting as a data concentrator	0 = Normal	1 = Alarm		
	Each collector system feeder breaker	0 = Open	1 = Closed		
	Each reactive power resource feeder breaker	0 = Open	1 = Closed		
	Power curtailment limiting control system status	0 = Off	1 = On		
	Up ramp power rate of change control status	0 = Off	1 = On		
	Down ramp power rate of change control status	0 = Off	1 = On		
	Voltage regulation system status	0 = Manual	1 = Automatic		
	Power system stabilizer (or equivalent) status, if applicable	0 = Manual	1 = Automatic		
	Generating unit step up transformer voltage regulator of transmission system if step up transformer has a load tap changer	0 = Manual	1 = Automatic		
	Remedial action scheme armed status, if applicable	0 = Disarmed	1 = Armed		
	Remedial action scheme operated status on communication failure, if applicable	0 = Normal	1 = Alarm		
	Remedial action scheme operated status on runback, if applicable	0 = Normal	1 = Alarm		
	Remedial action scheme operated status on trip, if applicable	0 = Normal	1 = Alarm		
٠.	anagement System supervisory control data requirements for each solar aggregated generation system	iting facility conne	cted to the		
	Facility curtailment power limit setpoint	MW			
A	Up ramp power rate of change setpoint	MW/min			
Analog	Down ramp power rate of change setpoint	MW/min			
	Voltage regulation setpoint	kV			
Status	Up ramp power rate of change control	0 = Disable	1 = Enable		
	Down ramp power rate of change control	0 = Disable	1 = Enable		
	Facility curtailment power limit control	0 = Disable	1 = Enable		